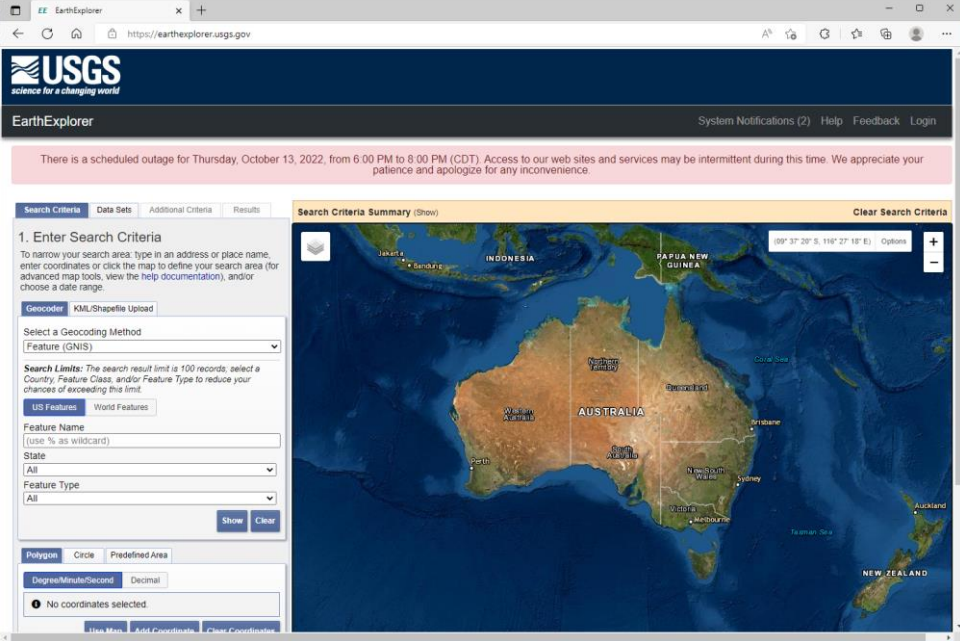




Hyperspectral Satellite Data for QGIS

Grant Boxer – Consultant Geologist – email: boxerg@iinet.net.au



Sources of Satellite Data



NASA

European Space Agency (ESA)

Italian Space Agency

German Space Agency

QGIS Plug-ins

QuickMapServices

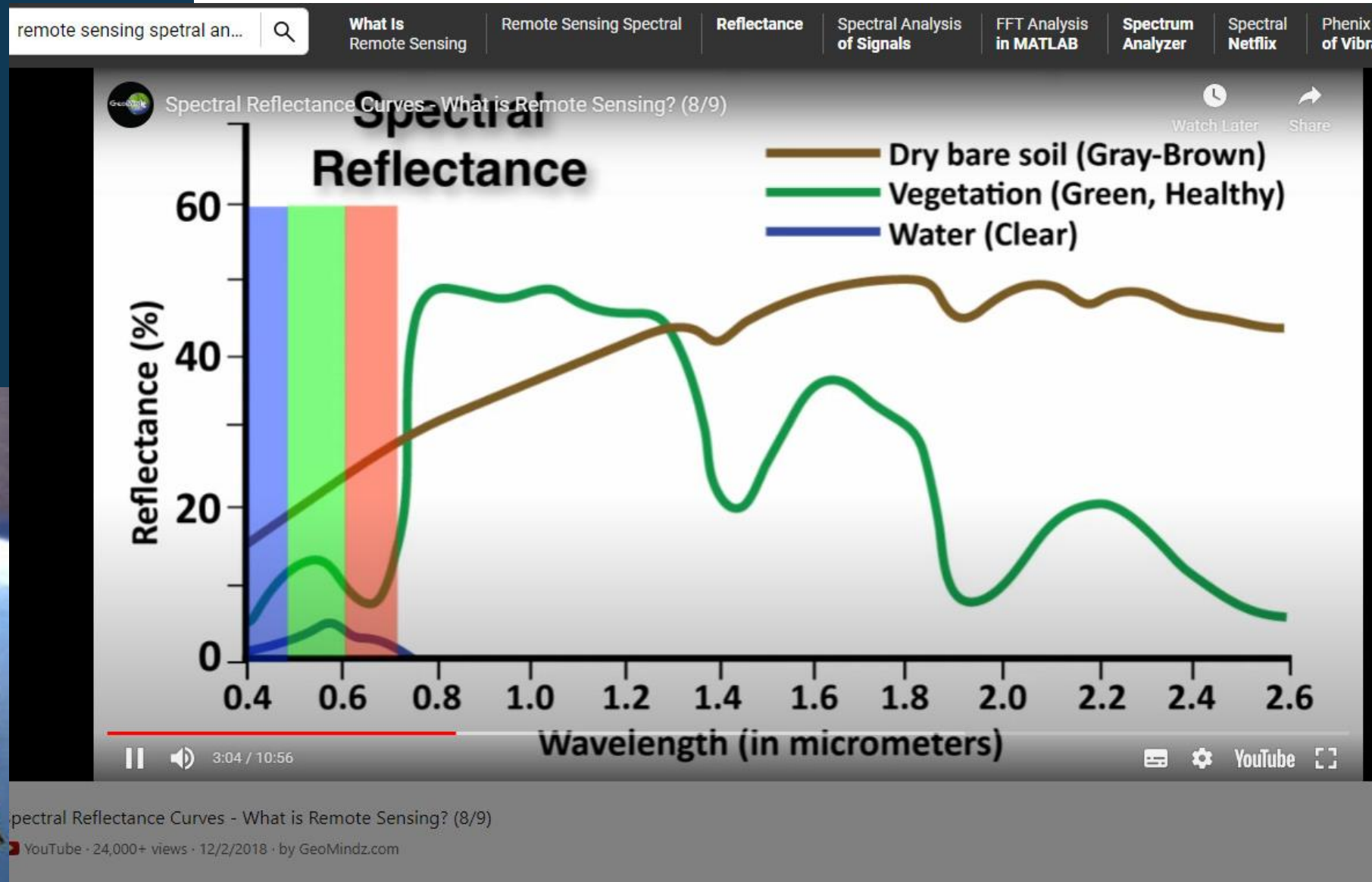
Google Earth Engine

JAXA Earth API Plugin

Semi-Automatic Classification Plug-in

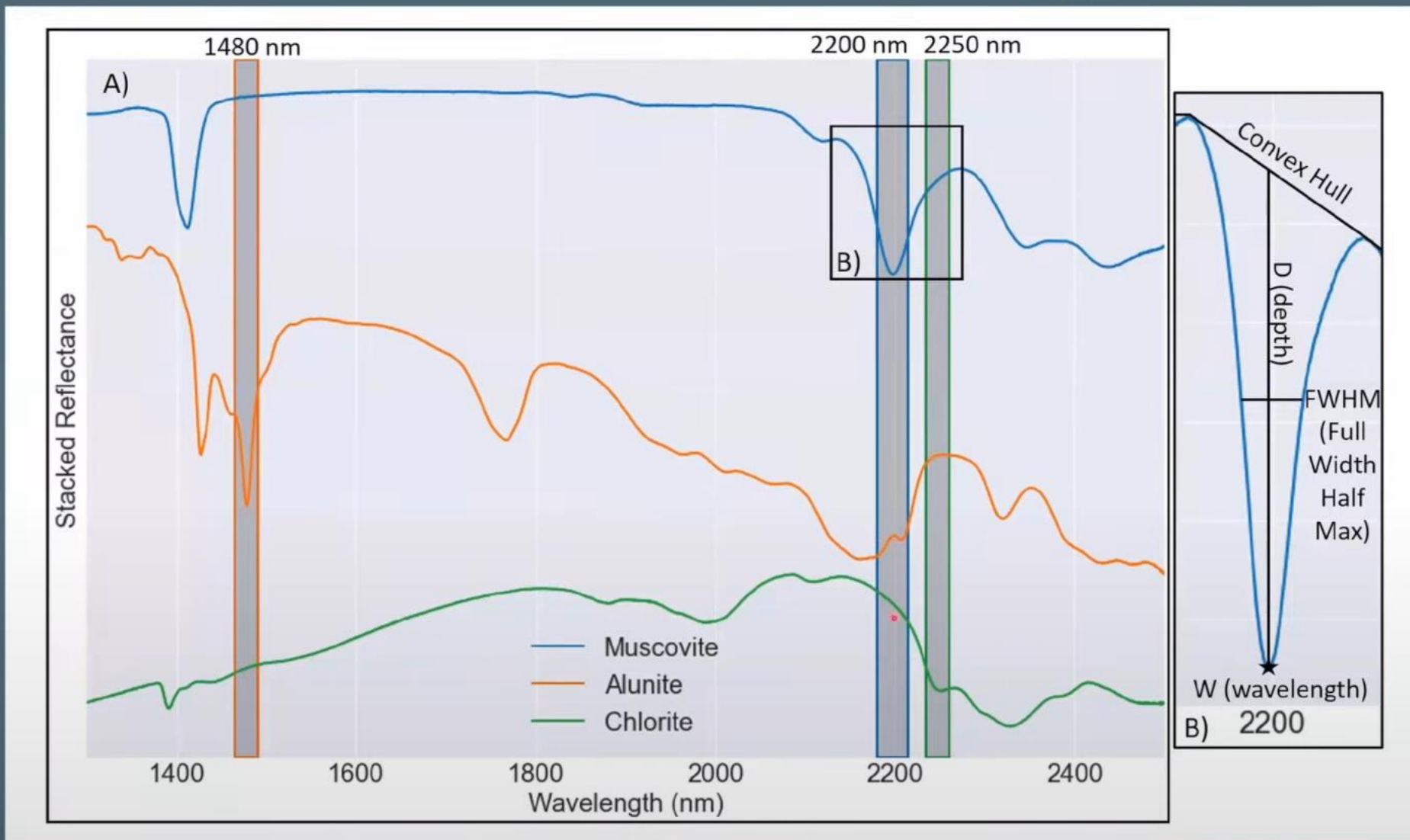
STAC API Browser

What our eyes can and can't see





Spectral Data and Methodology



ASTER

Advanced Spaceborne Thermal Emission and Reflection Radiometer



ASTER Data is free available world-wide

Essentially 30 m pixel size for the SWIR bands that enable limited mineral mapping

DEM data also available, 30 m pixels, 1 degree tiles

Launched 1999, still in service

Repeat imaging time – 16 days

VNIR – 15 m

SWIR – 30 m

TIR – 90 m

SWIR sensor failed May 2008



ASTER Users Handbook

Subsystem	Band No.	Spectral Range (μm)	Spatial Resolution, m	Quantization Levels
VNIR	1	0.52-0.60	15	8 bits
	2	0.63-0.69		
	3N	0.78-0.86		
	3B	0.78-0.86		
SWIR	4	1.60-1.70	30	8 bits
	5	2.145-2.185		
	6	2.185-2.225		
	7	2.235-2.285		
	8	2.295-2.365		
	9	2.360-2.430		
TIR	10	8.125-8.475	90	12 bits
	11	8.475-8.825		
	12	8.925-9.275		
	13	10.25-10.95		
	14	10.95-11.65		

Table 1: Characteristics of the 3 ASTER Sensor Systems.

Landsat Operational Land Imager (OLI) and Thermal Infrared Sensor (TIRS)

Landsat Data is free available world-wide

The Landsat program started in 1972 and we are now up to Landsat 9. Essentially 30 m pixel size for the SWIR bands that enable limited mineral mapping

Landsat 8 and 9 collect 11 bands from visible and near infrared, through SWIR to two thermal bands. Band 8 is a 15 m panchromatic band that can be used to “pansharpen” to 30 m pixel data.



	Bands	Wavelength (micrometers)	Resolution (meters)
Landsat 8 Operational Land Imager (OLI) and Thermal Infrared Sensor (TIRS) Launched February 11, 2013	Band 1 - Coastal aerosol	0.43 - 0.45	30
	Band 2 - Blue	0.45 - 0.51	30
	Band 3 - Green	0.53 - 0.59	30
	Band 4 - Red	0.64 - 0.67	30
	Band 5 - Near Infrared (NIR)	0.85 - 0.88	30
	Band 6 - SWIR 1	1.57 - 1.65	30
	Band 7 - SWIR 2	2.11 - 2.29	30
	Band 8 - Panchromatic	0.50 - 0.68	15
	Band 9 - Cirrus	1.36 - 1.38	30
	Band 10 - Thermal Infrared (TIRS) 1	10.60 - 11.19	100
	Band 11 - Thermal Infrared (TIRS) 2	11.50 - 12.51	100

ESA Sentinel Constellation

Sentinel Data is free available world-wide

Essentially 30 m pixel size for the SWIR bands that enable limited mineral mapping

DEM data also available, 30 m pixels, 1 degree tiles

Sentinel 1 – C –band synthetic aperture radar

Sentinel 2 – Multi-spectral scanner

Sentinel 3 – various instruments to measure land and sea conditions

Sentinel 4 & 5 – monitors air quality and gases

Sentinel 6 – sea-surface heights

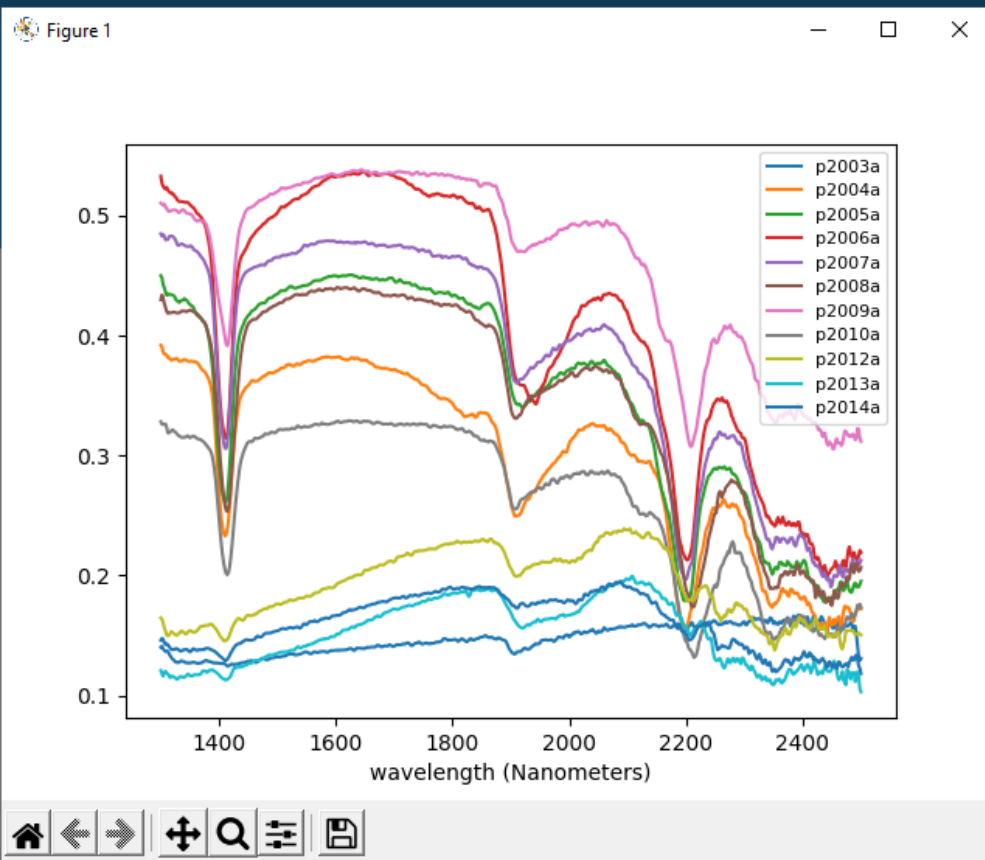


	Waveband	Central λ (nm)	Bandwidth (nm)	Spatial resolution (m)
1	Coastal aerosol	442.7	21	60
2	Blue	492.4	66	10
3	Green	559.8	36	10
4	Red	664.6	31	10
5	Vegetation red edge	704.1	15	20
6	Vegetation red edge	740.5	15	20
7	Vegetation red edge	782.8	20	20
8	Near infrared	832.8	106	10
8A	Narrow near infrared	864.7	21	20
9	Water vapour	945.1	20	60
10	Shortwave infrared – Cirrus	1373.5	31	60
11	Shortwave infrared	1613.7	91	20
12	Shortwave infrared	2202.4	175	20

Hyperspectral Imagery

Hyperspectral imagery has > 200 spectral bands

Numerous narrow (6 – 20 nm) width spectral windows to allow detailed analysis of crops and for mineral mapping.



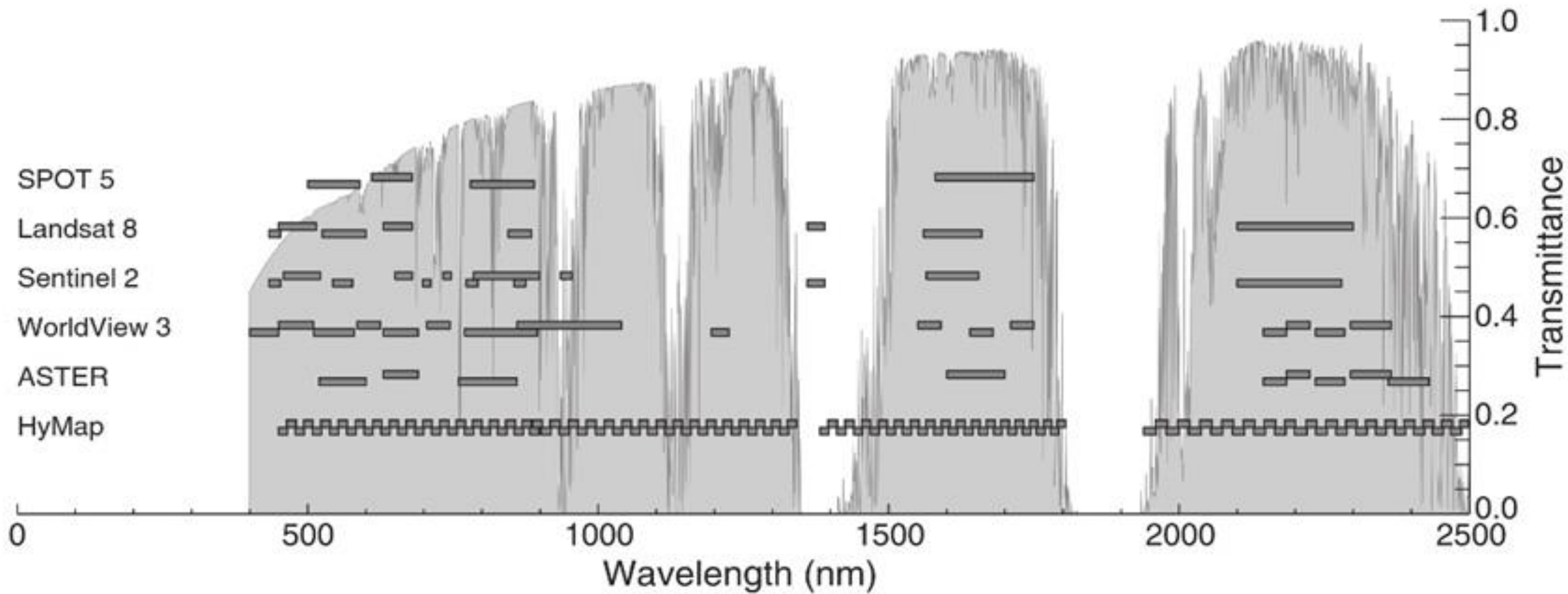
HyMap – airborne sensor – pixel size variable (depending on altitude), 10 – 20 nm band width. Campaign based, company data, local surveys.

PRISMA – Italian space agency (30 m), 12 nm band width, **pan band 5 m spatial**, world-wide.

EnMAP – German space agency (30 m), 6 - 14 nm band width, world-wide

Other commercial satellite companies are launching hyperspectral satellites

Spectral bands for sensors



Multispectral and Hyperspectral Satellite data in QGIS

Multispectral Satellite data comes in a variety of formats

ASTER - hdf

Landsat -tar archive

Sentinel 2 - jp2

Most multispectral satellite data requires some amount of correction for atmospheric effects.

The Semi-Automatic Classification plugin (SCP) can do atmospheric corrections for ASTER and approximate corrections for Sentinel 2 data.

ESA's SNAP software has options for accurate atmospheric corrections via their senzcor plugin.

Hyperspectral data also comes as a variety of formats, e.g.

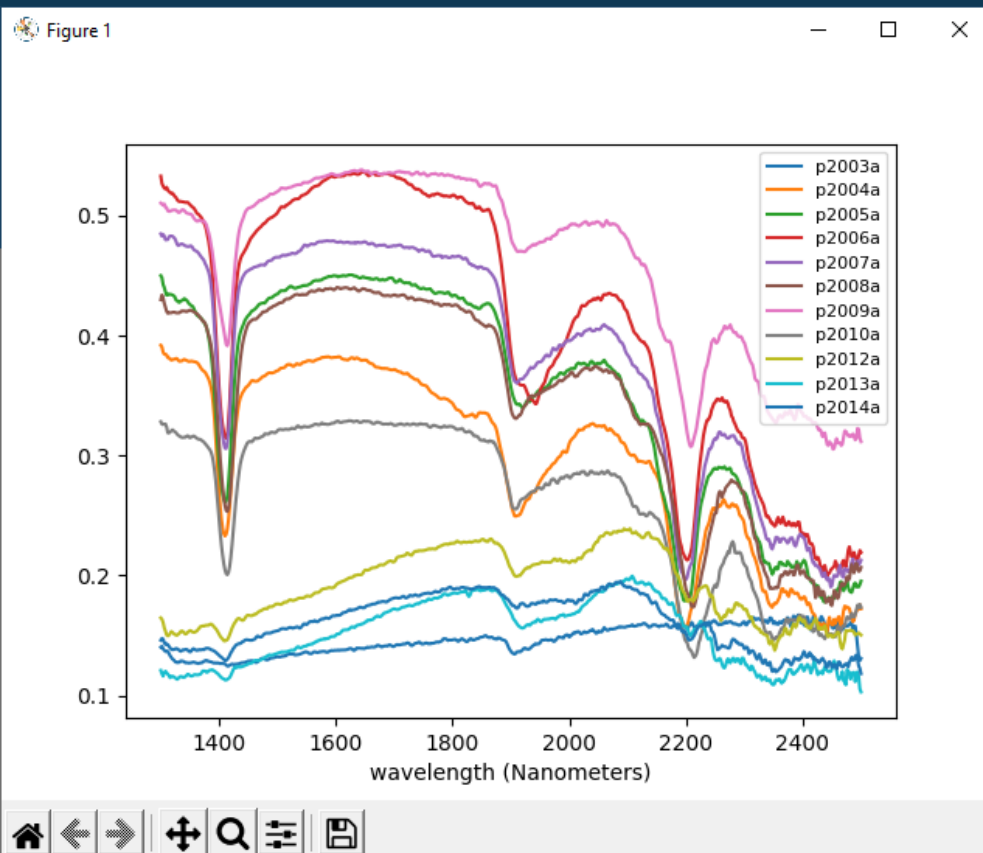
EnMAP - tif files, opened via an xml file

PRISMA - he5

And typically requires specialist software like ENVI (expensive! \$20-30k)
SCP cannot open this data - yet.

Both EnMAP and PRISMA have a 30 m pixel size.

Enter EnMAP-Box!



ESA EnMAP-Box

EnMAP-Box

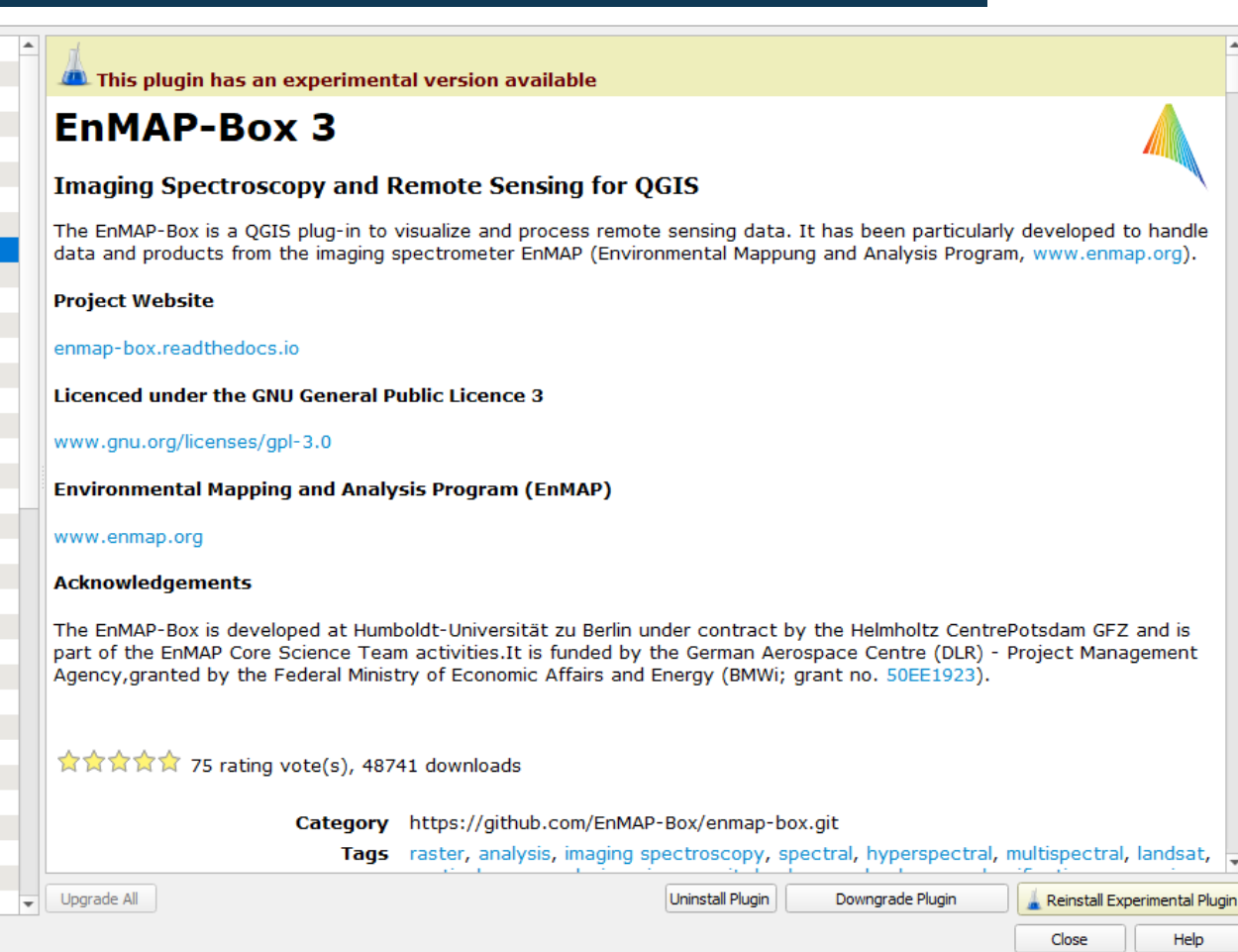
QGIS Plug-in written by and for the German space agency's EnMAP hyperspectral satellite launched a couple of years ago.

Can also be used with the Italian space agency's PRISMA hyperspectral satellite data.

Import, display and process hyperspectral satellite data

When installing, it is important to "read-the-docs" as it requires a number of python dependencies.

Access to data requires registration – currently mainly for "research"



This plugin has an experimental version available

EnMAP-Box 3

Imaging Spectroscopy and Remote Sensing for QGIS

The EnMAP-Box is a QGIS plug-in to visualize and process remote sensing data. It has been particularly developed to handle data and products from the imaging spectrometer EnMAP (Environmental Mapping and Analysis Program, www.enmap.org).

Project Website
enmap-box.readthedocs.io

Licensed under the GNU General Public Licence 3
www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0

Environmental Mapping and Analysis Program (EnMAP)
www.enmap.org

Acknowledgements

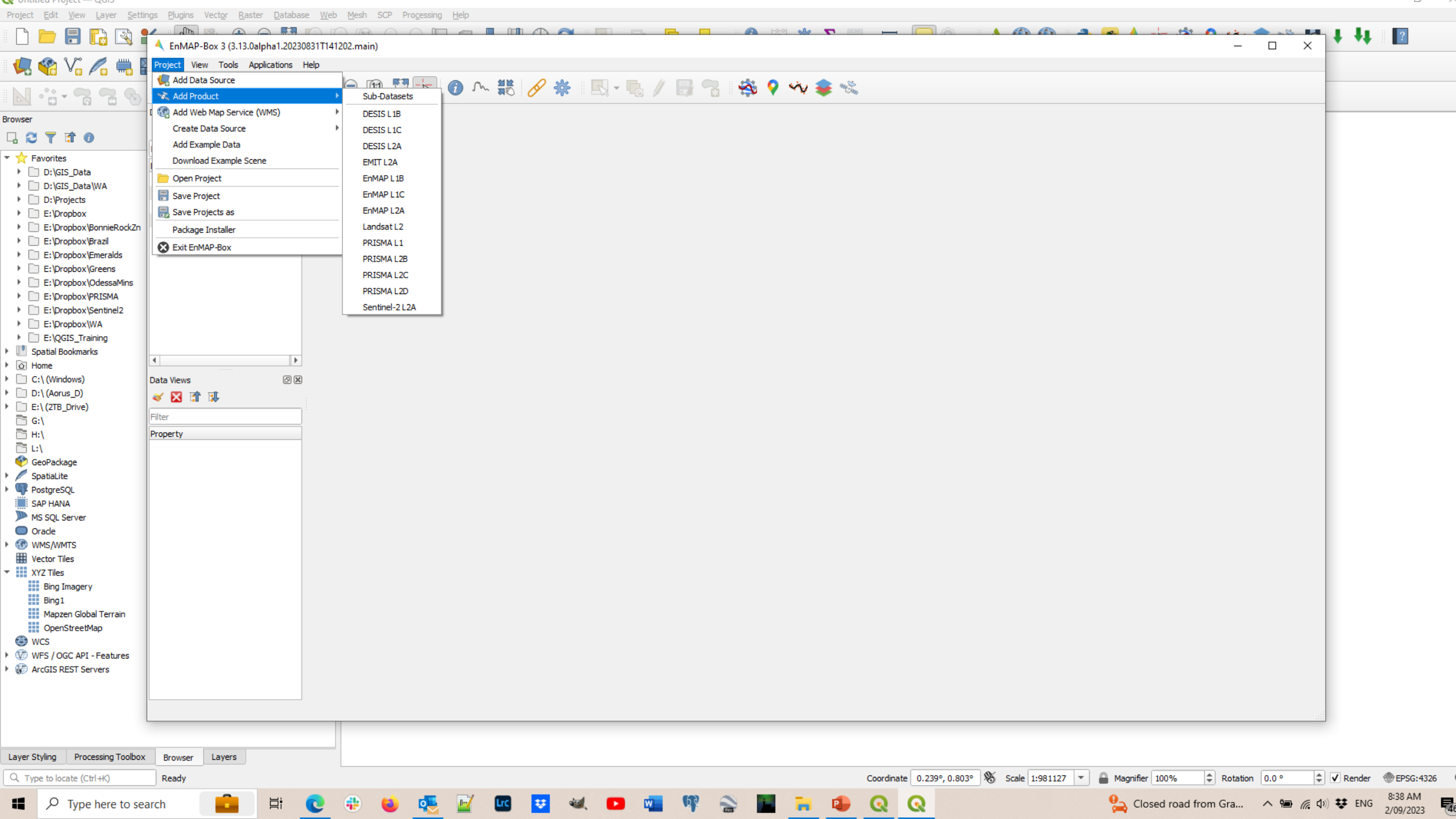
The EnMAP-Box is developed at Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin under contract by the Helmholtz Centre Potsdam GFZ and is part of the EnMAP Core Science Team activities. It is funded by the German Aerospace Centre (DLR) - Project Management Agency, granted by the Federal Ministry of Economic Affairs and Energy (BMWi; grant no. 50EE1923).

★★★★★ 75 rating vote(s), 48741 downloads

Category <https://github.com/EnMAP-Box/enmap-box.git>

Tags raster, analysis, imaging spectroscopy, spectral, hyperspectral, multispectral, landsat, ...

Upgrade All Uninstall Plugin Downgrade Plugin Reinstall Experimental Plugin Close Help



EnMAP-Box 3 (3.13.0alpha1.20230831T141202.main)

Project View Tools Applications Help

- Add Data Source
- Add Product
- Add Web Map Service (WMS)
- Create Data Source
- Add Example Data
- Download Example Scene
- Open Project
- Save Project
- Save Projects as
- Package Installer
- Exit EnMAP-Box

- Sub-Datasets
- DESIS L1B
- DESIS L1C
- DESIS L2A
- EMIT L2A
- EnMAP L1B
- EnMAP L1C
- EnMAP L2A
- Landsat L2
- PRISMA L1
- PRISMA L2B
- PRISMA L2C
- PRISMA L2D
- Sentinel-2 L2A

- Browser
- ★ Favorites
 - D:\GIS_Data
 - D:\GIS_Data\WA
 - D:\Projects
 - E:\Dropbox
 - E:\Dropbox\BonnieRockZn
 - E:\Dropbox\Brazil
 - E:\Dropbox\Emeralds
 - E:\Dropbox\Greens
 - E:\Dropbox\OdessaMins
 - E:\Dropbox\PRISMA
 - E:\Dropbox\Sentinel2
 - E:\Dropbox\WA
 - E:\QGIS_Training
 - Spatial Bookmarks
 - Home
 - C:\(Windows)
 - D:\(Aorus_D)
 - E:\(ZTB_Drive)
 - G:\
 - H:\
 - L:\
 - GeoPackage
 - Spatialite
 - PostgreSQL
 - SAP HANA
 - MS SQL Server
 - Oracle
 - WMS/WMTS
 - Vector Tiles
 - XYZ Tiles
 - Bing Imagery
 - Bing 1
 - Mapzen Global Terrain
 - OpenStreetMap
 - WCS
 - WFS / OGC API - Features
 - ArcGIS REST Servers

Data Views

Filter

Property

EnMAP-Box 3 (3.13.0.alpha1.20230831T141202.main)

Project View Tools Applications Help

Map #1

Data Sources

Filter

Name	Value
Rasters (2)	
▶ outputPrismaL2D_spectralCu...	
▶ outputPrismaL2D_spectralCu...	
Vectors (0)	
Models (0)	
Other Files (0)	

Data Views

Filter

Property

- Map #1
 - outputPrismaL2D_spect...
 - Band 051: Band 51 (849....
 - Band 131: Band 131 (164...
 - Band 032: Band 32 (655....

Raster Layer Styling

outputPrismaL2D_spectralCube

RGB Gray Pseudo Default Style Linking

Predefined

- Natural color (R-G-B)
- False color (R-N-G)
- Color infrared (N-R-G)
- Shortwave infrared 1 (S2-N-R)
- Shortwave infrared 2 (S2-RE4-R)
- Shortwave infrared 3 (S2-RE4-B)
- Agriculture 1 (S1-N-B)
- Agriculture 2 (S1-RE4-B)
- Atmospheric penetration / Soil (S2-S1-RE4)
- Geology (S2-S1-B)
- Bathymetric (R-G-A)
- False color urban (S2-S1-R)
- Healthy vegetation (N-S1-B)
- Vegetation analysis 1 (N-S1-R)
- Vegetation analysis 2 (S1-N-R)
- Forestry / Recent harvest areas (S2-N-G)

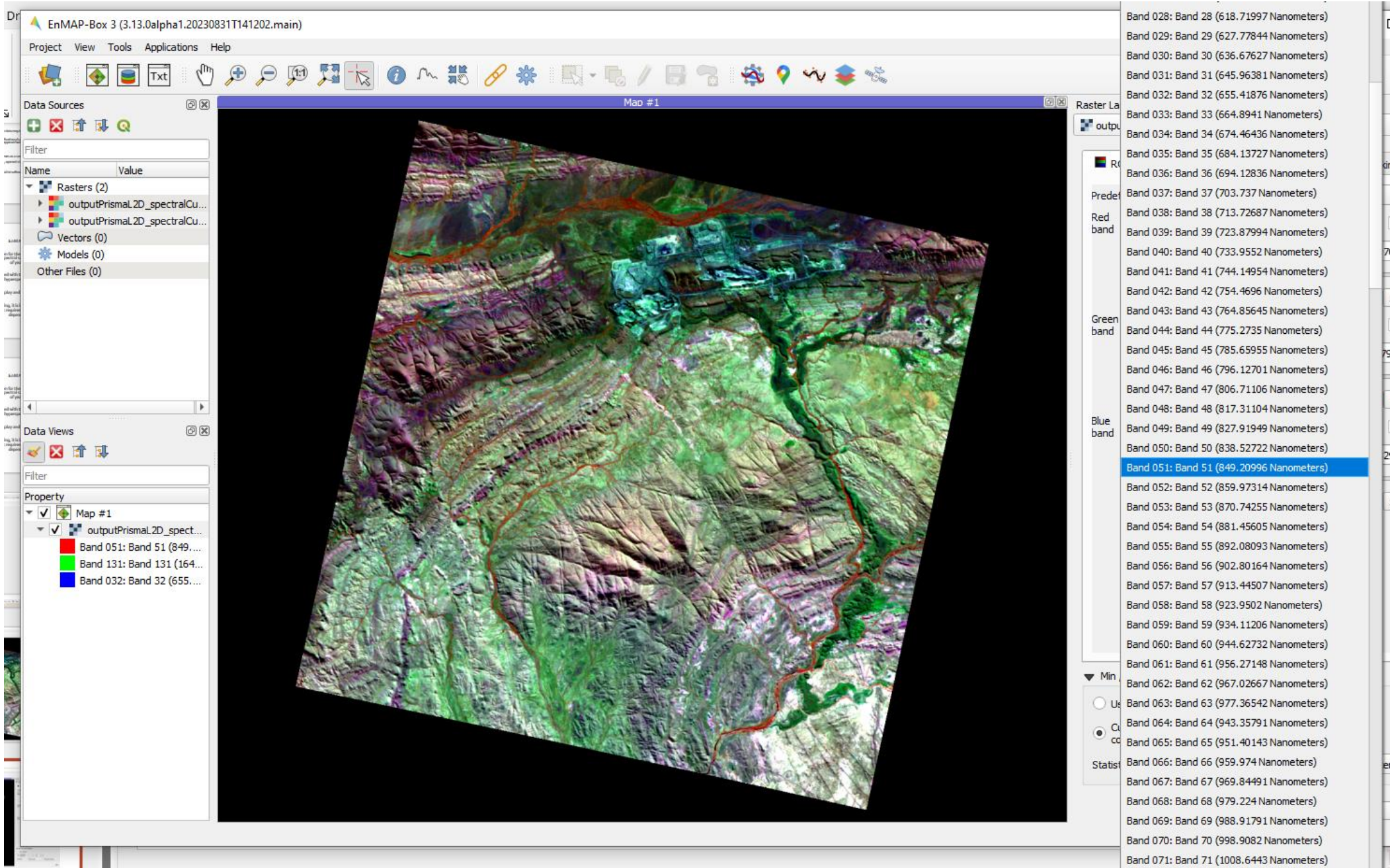
Min / Max Value Settings

User defined

Cumulative count cut 2.0 - 98.0 %

Statistics Whole raster Estimated (faster)

Apply



Raster Layer

output

Red band

Green band

Blue band

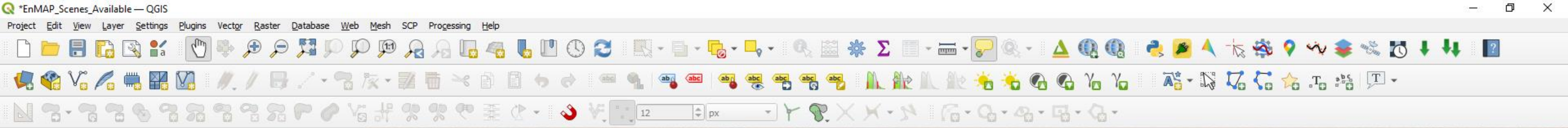
Min

Use

Color

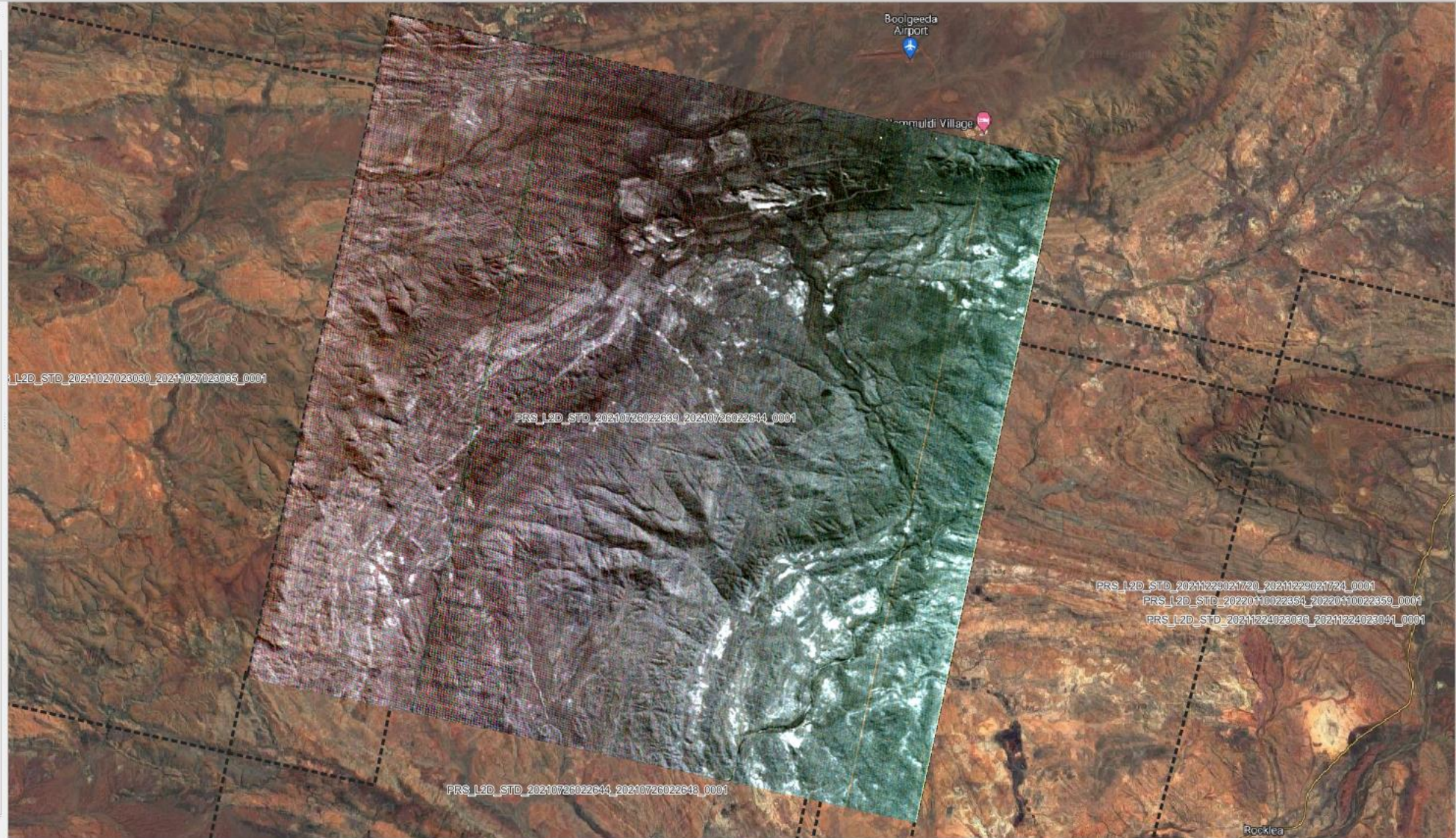
Statistics

Band 028: Band 28 (618.71997 Nanometers)
Band 029: Band 29 (627.77844 Nanometers)
Band 030: Band 30 (636.67627 Nanometers)
Band 031: Band 31 (645.96381 Nanometers)
Band 032: Band 32 (655.41876 Nanometers)
Band 033: Band 33 (664.8941 Nanometers)
Band 034: Band 34 (674.46436 Nanometers)
Band 035: Band 35 (684.13727 Nanometers)
Band 036: Band 36 (694.12836 Nanometers)
Band 037: Band 37 (703.737 Nanometers)
Band 038: Band 38 (713.72687 Nanometers)
Band 039: Band 39 (723.87994 Nanometers)
Band 040: Band 40 (733.9552 Nanometers)
Band 041: Band 41 (744.14954 Nanometers)
Band 042: Band 42 (754.4696 Nanometers)
Band 043: Band 43 (764.85645 Nanometers)
Band 044: Band 44 (775.2735 Nanometers)
Band 045: Band 45 (785.65955 Nanometers)
Band 046: Band 46 (796.12701 Nanometers)
Band 047: Band 47 (806.71106 Nanometers)
Band 048: Band 48 (817.31104 Nanometers)
Band 049: Band 49 (827.91949 Nanometers)
Band 050: Band 50 (838.52722 Nanometers)
Band 051: Band 51 (849.20996 Nanometers)
Band 052: Band 52 (859.97314 Nanometers)
Band 053: Band 53 (870.74255 Nanometers)
Band 054: Band 54 (881.45605 Nanometers)
Band 055: Band 55 (892.08093 Nanometers)
Band 056: Band 56 (902.80164 Nanometers)
Band 057: Band 57 (913.44507 Nanometers)
Band 058: Band 58 (923.9502 Nanometers)
Band 059: Band 59 (934.11206 Nanometers)
Band 060: Band 60 (944.62732 Nanometers)
Band 061: Band 61 (956.27148 Nanometers)
Band 062: Band 62 (967.02667 Nanometers)
Band 063: Band 63 (977.36542 Nanometers)
Band 064: Band 64 (943.35791 Nanometers)
Band 065: Band 65 (951.40143 Nanometers)
Band 066: Band 66 (959.974 Nanometers)
Band 067: Band 67 (969.84491 Nanometers)
Band 068: Band 68 (979.224 Nanometers)
Band 069: Band 69 (988.91791 Nanometers)
Band 070: Band 70 (998.9082 Nanometers)
Band 071: Band 71 (1008.6443 Nanometers)



Layers

- Output VNIR/SWIR Cube raster layer
 - Band 001: Band 1 (406.99341 Nanometers) (Gray)
 - Band 002: Band 2 (415.83899 Nanometers)
 - Band 003: Band 3 (423.78476 Nanometers)
- sentinel2_tiles_world
 - Yes
 -
- PRISMA_Scenes_WGS84
- EnMAP_Scenes - WGS84
- Google Hybrid
- OSM Standard



Layer Styling Processing Toolbox Browser Layers

Type to locate (Ctrl+K)

Coordinate 512546, 7509235 Scale 1:163568 Magnifier 100% Rotation 0.0° Render EPSG:32750

17°C Mostly cloudy 9:07 AM 2/09/2023



Algorithms

Search...

- Cartography
- Database
- File tools
- GPS
- Interpolation
- Layer tools
- Mesh
- Modeler tools
- Network analysis
- Plots
- Point cloud conversion
- Point cloud data management
- Point cloud extraction

Inputs Algorithms

Model Properties

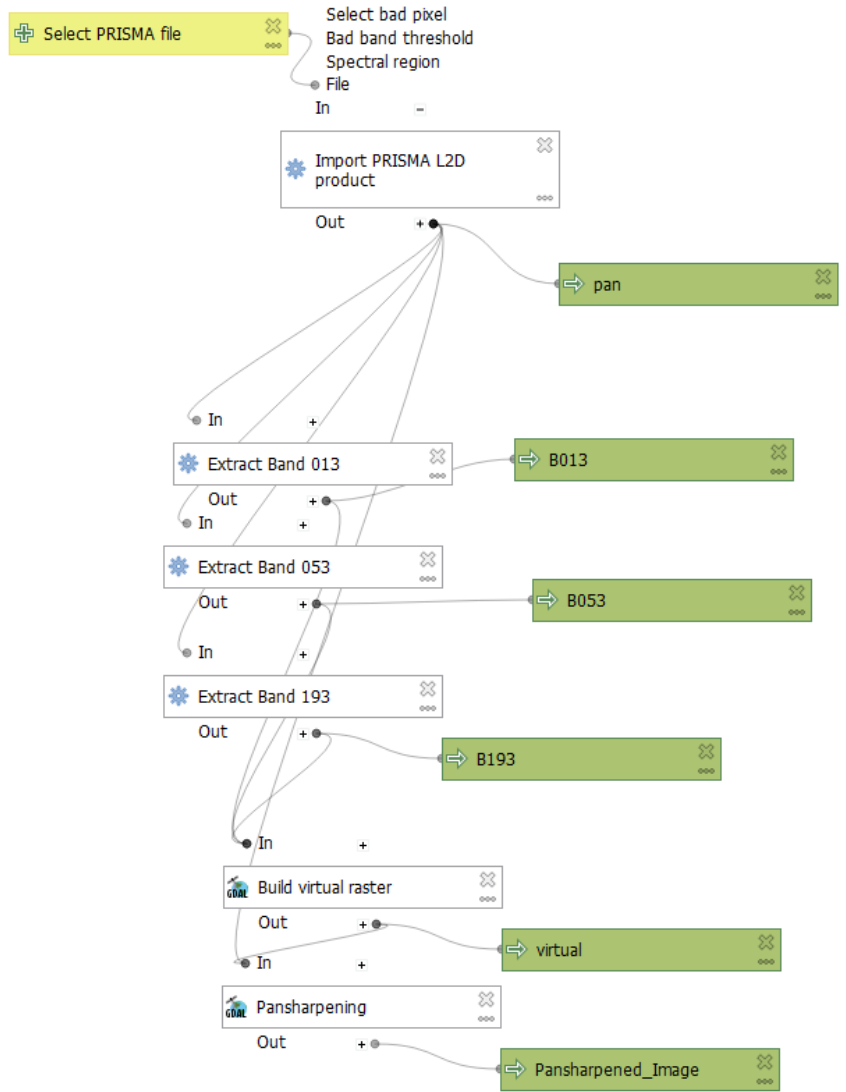
Name PRISMA_PanSharpening

Group RemoteSensing

Variables Model Properties

Undo History

<empty>



Processing Toolbox

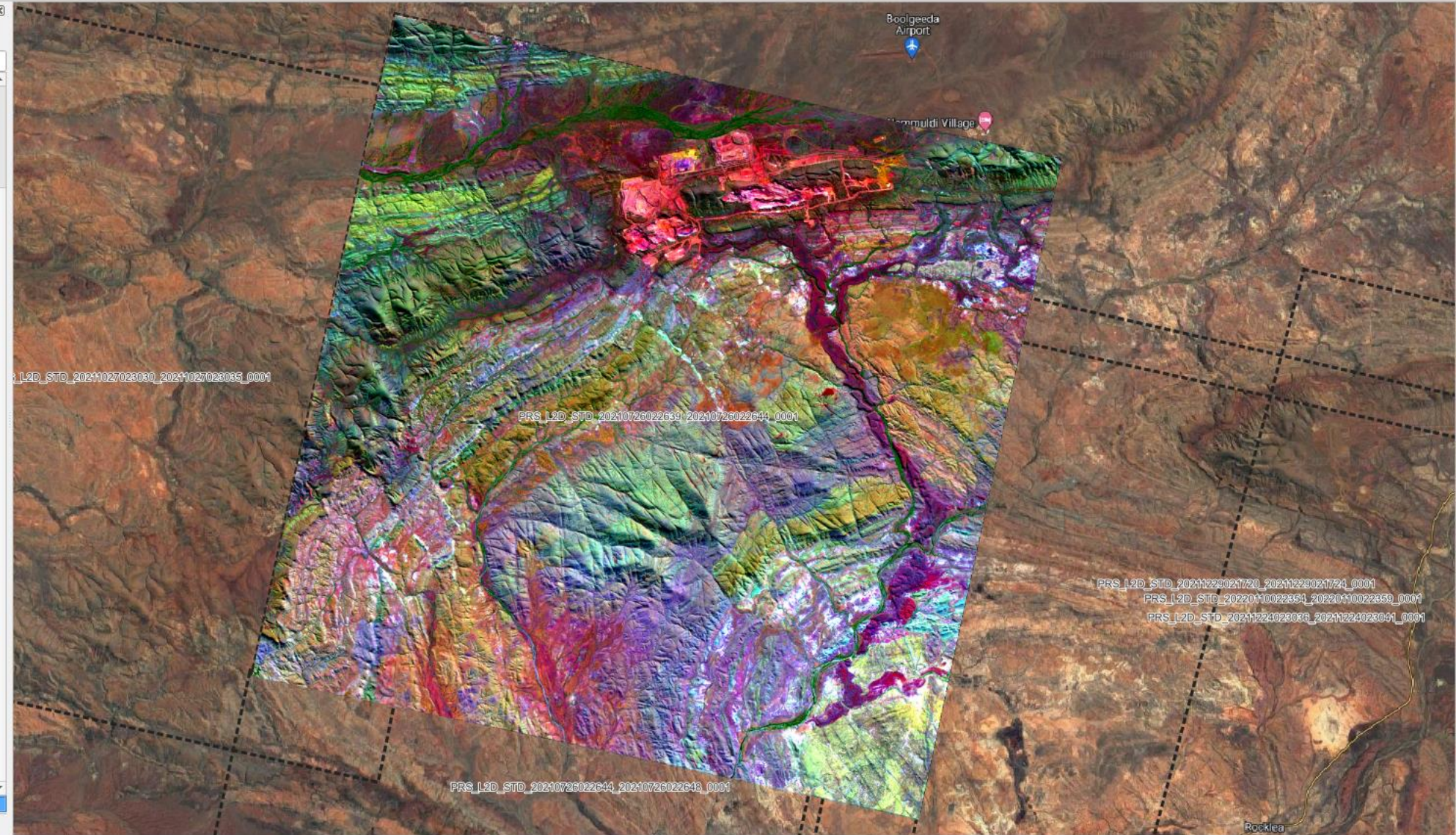
Search...

- Mesh
- Network analysis
- Plots
- Point cloud conversion
- Point cloud data management
- Point cloud extraction
- Raster analysis
- Raster creation
- Raster terrain analysis
- Raster tools
- Vector analysis
- Vector creation
- Vector general
- Vector geometry
- Vector overlay
- Vector selection
- Vector table
- Vector tiles
- EnMAP-Box
- GDAL
- GRASS
- Models
 - ColouriseGeologyLayer
 - General_createRGB_image
 - PRISMA_Calculate_P_layers
 - PRISMA_open_file
 - Sentinel2_test
- Geology
- Remote Sensing
 - PRISMA_calc_p_layers
 - PRISMA_ENVI_indices
 - PRISMA_PanSharpening**
 - PRISMA_PanSharpening_133-196-211
 - PRISMA_PanSharpening_193-170-050
 - PRISMA_PanSharpening_193-530-013
 - PRISMA_PanSharpening_ExtractBands
 - PRISMA_PanSharpening_False_Col
 - PRISMA_PanSharpening_Nat_Col
 - PRISMA_Processing
- SLYR (community edition)

You can add more algorithms to the toolbox, [enable additional providers](#). [close]

Layer Styling Processing Toolbox Browser Layers

Type to locate (Ctrl+K)





Algorithms

- Search...
- Cartography
- Database
- File tools
- GPS
- Interpolation
- Layer tools
- Mesh
- Modeler tools
- Network analysis
- Plots
- Point cloud conversion
- Point cloud data management
- Point cloud extraction

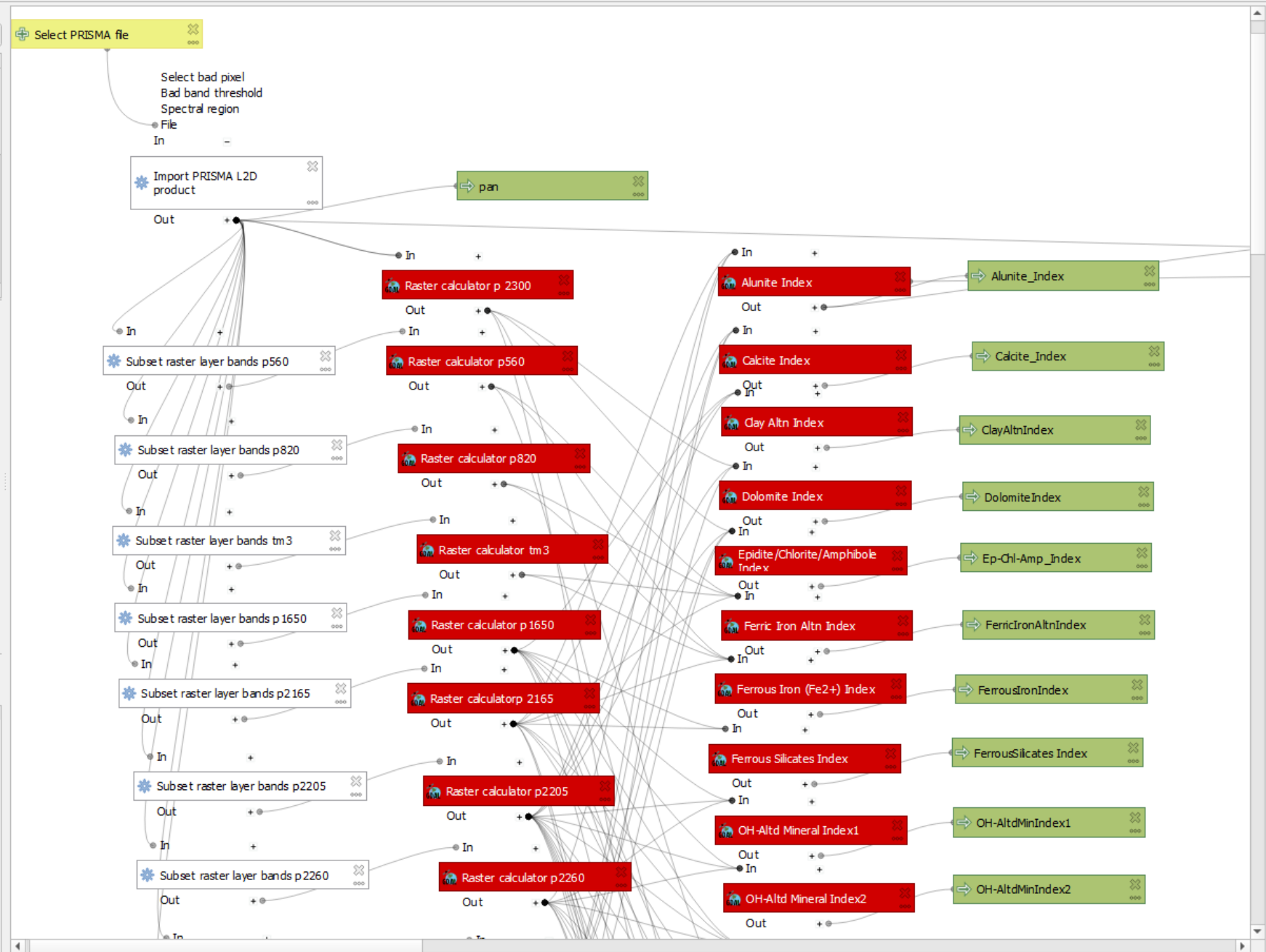
Inputs Algorithms

Model Properties

Name PRISMA_ENVI_Indices
Group RemoteSensing

Variables Model Properties

Undo History
<empty>



Untitled Project — QGIS

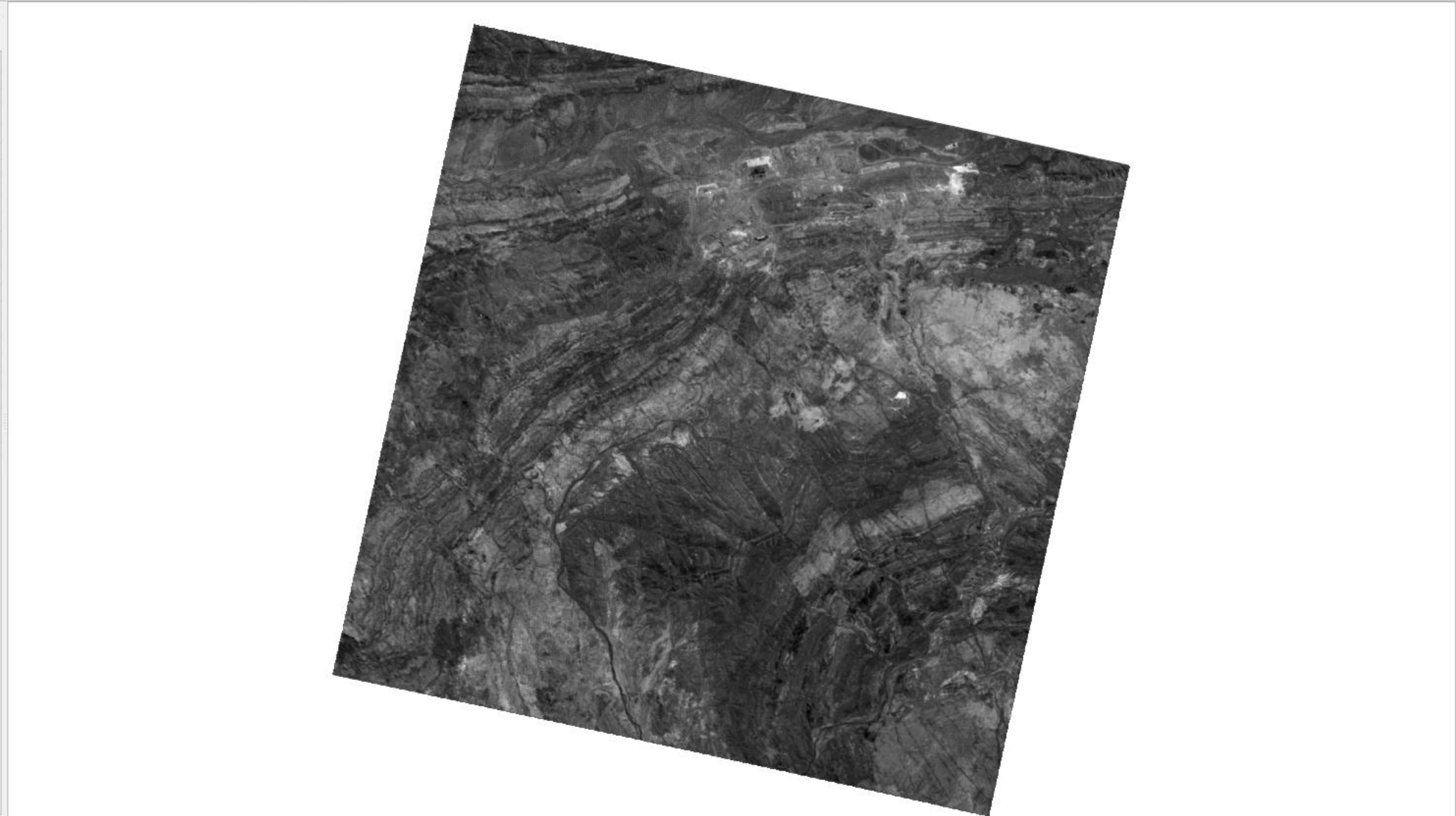
Project Edit View Layer Settings Plugins Vector Raster Database Web Mesh Processing Help



Layers

- ✓ LateriteIndex
- ✓ Ep-Chl-Amp_Index
- ✓ KaoliniteIndex1
- ✓ OH-AltdMinIndex1
- ✓ PhyllicAltnIndex
- ✓ DolomiteIndex
- ✓ FerrousSilicates Index
- ✓ OH-AltdMinIndex2
- ✓ pan
- ✓ OH-AltdMinIndex3
- ✓ KaoliniteIndex2
- ✓ ClayAltnIndex
- ✓ MuscoviteIndex
- ✓ PropyliticAltnIndex
- ✓ PhengiticIndex
- ✓ MontmorIndex
- ✓ KaoliniteIndex3
- ✓ Alunite_Index
- ✓ MgOHCarbAbunIndex
- ✓ FerricIronAltnIndex
- ✓ Alunite_Pan
- ✓ Calcite_Index
- ✓ FerrousIronIndex
- ✓ MagnesiteIndex


Layer Styling Processing Toolbox Browser Layers



Type to locate (Ctrl+K)

Coordinate 485443, 7472559 Scale 1:166868 Magnifier 100% Rotation 0.0 ° Render EPSG:32750

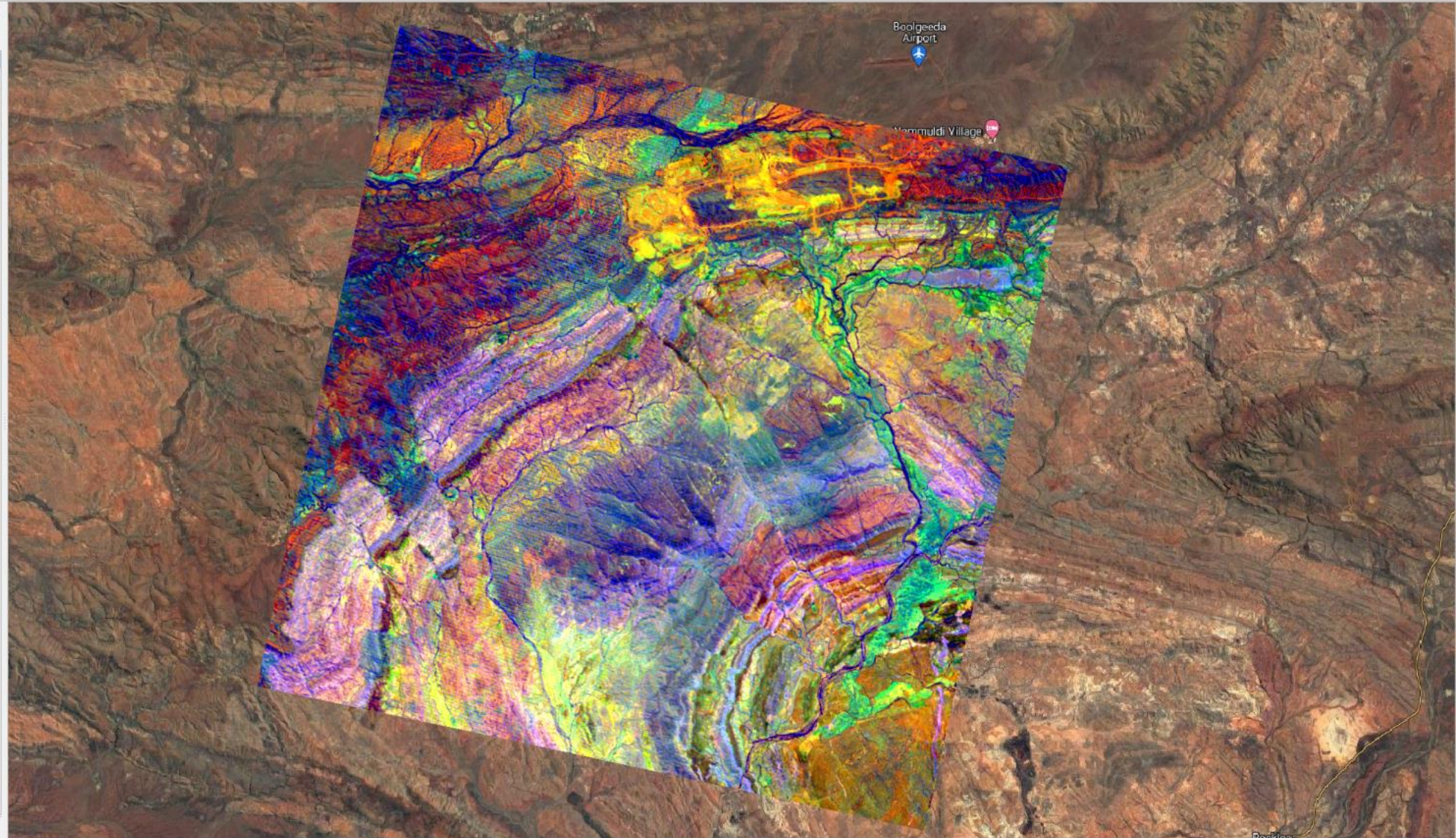
18°C Mostly sunny 3:22 PM 2/09/2023



Layers

- sentinel2_tiles_world*
- PRISMA_Scenes_WGS84*
- EnMAP_Scenes — WGS84*
- PRS_Beasley1_FerSil-FerIrAlt-MgOHAbun**
- PRS_Beasley1_193-053-013_RGB_pansharp*
- Google Hybrid**
- OSM Standard*

Layer Styling Processing Toolbox Browser Layers



PRISMA

VS

HYMAP

Comparison of HyMap Indices and PRISMA Bands

Index	HyMAP Bands	Wavelengths	PRISMA Equivalent Bands
Alteration	B81/B109	1652.6/2207.4	B131/B194
Alunite/Kaolinite/Pyrophyllite	(B081+B109)/B107	(1652.6+2207.4)/2173	(B131+B194)/B190
Amphibole	B109/B116	2207/2326.3	B194/B210
Amphibole/MgOH	B109/B120	2207/2391.4	B194/B219
Carbonate/Chlorite/Epidote	(B114+B120)/B116	(2293.4+2391.4)/2326.3	B205+B120)/B210
Clay	(B107 to B114)/(B109*B109)	(2173 to 2293)/(2207 * 2207)	(190 to B205)/(B194*B194)
Dolomite	(B109+B116)/B114	(2207+2326)/2293	(B194+B210)/B205
Epidote/Chlorite/Amphibole	(B109+B120)/(B114+B116)	(2207+2391)/(2293+2326)	(B194+B210)/(B205+B210)
Ferris Iron 2+	((B107/B26)+(B009/B16)	(2173+816)+(557/664)	(B190/B48)+(B22/B33)
Ferrous Iron F3+	B16/B9	664/557	B31/B21
Ferric Oxides	B81/B26	1653/816	B132/B48
Ferrous Silicates	B107/B81	2173/1653	B190/B132
Gossan	B81/B16	1653/664	B132/B48
Host Rock	B107/B109	2173/2207	B190/B194
Kaolinite	B114/B107	2293/2173	B205/B190
Laterite	B81/B107	1653/2173	B132/B31
Muscovite	B114/B109	2293/2207	B205/B194
Phengitic	B107/B109	2173/2207	B190/B194
Sericite/Muscovite/illite/Smectitie	(B107+B114)/B109	(2173+2293)/2207	(B190+B205)/B194